

## III Semester B.A./B.Sc. Examination, November/December 2017 (Semester Scheme) (CBCS) (F+R) (2015-16 and Onwards) MATHEMATICS – III

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

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Instruction: Answerall questions.

PART-A

1. Answer any five questions:

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

- a) Find the number of generators of the cyclic group of order 30.
- b) Define right coset and left coset of a group.
- c) Show that the sequence  $\left\{\frac{1}{n}\right\}$  is monotonically decreasing sequence.
- d) State Raabe's Ratio test for convergence.
- e) Test the convergence of the series:

$$1 - \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} - \frac{1}{3!} + \frac{1}{4!} + \dots$$

- f) Verify Rolle's theorem for the function  $f(x) = x^2 6x + 8$  in [2, 4].
- g) State Cauchy's mean value theorem.
- h) Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{1-\cos x}{x^2}\right)$ .

PART-B

Answer one full question:

 $(1 \times 15 = 15)$ 

- 2. a) If 'a and x' are any two elements of a group G then prove that  $O(a) = O(x a x^{-1})$ .
  - b) Let G be a cyclic group of order d and 'a' be a generator, then prove that the element  $a^k(k < d)$  is also a generator of G if and only if (k, d) = 1.
  - c) State and prove Fermat's theorem for groups.

OR

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- 3. a) Prove that if 'a' is any element of a group G of order n then a<sup>m</sup> = e for any integer m if and only if n divides m.
  - b) Prove that every sub group of a cyclic group is cyclic.
  - c) Prove that every group of order less than or equal to 5 is abelian.

## PART-C

Answertwo full questions:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- 4. a) Prove that the sequence  $\left\{\frac{2n-7}{3n+2}\right\}$ 
  - i) is monotonically increasing
  - ii) is bounded.
  - b) Prove that a monotonic increasing sequence bounded above is convergent.
  - c) Show that the sequence  $\{x_n\}$  where  $x_1 = 1$  and  $x_n = \sqrt{2 + x_{n-1}}$  is convergent and converges to 2.

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- 5. a) Show that  $\{a_n\} = \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{3!} + \dots + \frac{1}{n!}$  is convergent.
  - b) Discuss the nature of the sequence  $\{x^{1/n}\}$ , x > 0.
  - c) Examine the convergence of the sequences:

i) 
$$\frac{(n+1)^{n+1}}{n^n}$$

ii) 
$$\left\{\frac{2n^2+3n+5}{n+3}\right\}\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{n}\right).$$

- 6. a) State and prove D'Alemberts Ratio test for series of positive terms.
  - b) Test the convergence of the series  $1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1.3}{2.4} + \frac{1.3.5}{2.4.6} + ...$



c) Sum the series to infinity  $\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1.4}{5.10} + \frac{1.4.7}{5.10.15} - \frac{1.4.7.10}{5.10.15.20} + \dots$ 

OR

- 7. a) State and prove Cauchy's Root test for the convergence of series of positive terms.
  - b) Test the convergence of the series  $\sum \frac{1.2.3....n}{3.5.7.9....(2n+1)}$ .
  - c) Sum the series to infinity  $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1.4}{6.12} + \frac{1.4.7}{6.12.18} + \dots$

PART - D

## Answer one full question:

 $(1 \times 15 = 15)$ 

- 8. a) Prove that a function, which is continuous in a closed interval, takes every value between its bounds at least once.
  - b) Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^{x}}{1+e^{x}}$ .
  - c) Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} (1 + \sin x)^{\cot x}$ .

OR

- 9. a) Examine the differentiability of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 1; & \text{for } x \ge 1 \\ 1 x; & \text{for } x < 1 \end{cases}$  at x = 1.
  - b) State and prove Lagranges Mean value theorem.
  - c) Expand the function  $log_e(1 + x)$  up to the term containing  $x^4$  by Maclaurin's expansion.